

16th-19th Century Britain



Henry VIII
1533-Break with Rome
1534-Act of Supremacy
1536-Act of Suppression



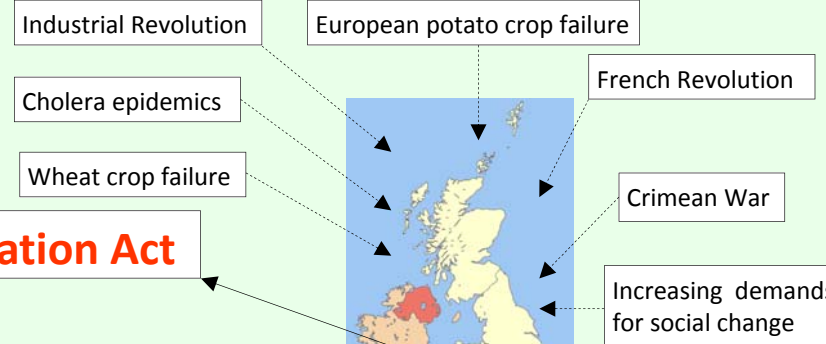
Elizabeth I
1558-63-Establishment of Anglican Communion
1581-Legislation against Catholics
1593-criminalisation of Catholic practice
1601-Poor Law



- Catholics no longer allowed to build churches, schools, hospitals, orphanages etc
- Catholic property sequestered
- Practice of Catholicism outlawed & made treasonable offence (to be a Catholic not an offence; to practise Catholicism seen as loyalty to foreign power: Rome)
- Catholic clergy, Religious and laity penalised or went into exile
- Discrimination against Catholics in employment, education etc
- Catholics banned from judiciary, military, monarchy & professions

Catholics and Mission in Britain

19th Century Britain



1830 Catholic Emancipation Act



- Catholicism decriminalised
- Catholics allowed to build churches, schools, hospitals etc
- Catholic chaplains allowed in prisons, hospitals, workhouses etc
- Catholics allowed to join military, judiciary & professions

- Increased needs of Catholics in England, Wales & Scotland
- Massive Catholic migration from Ireland & France
- Return of Religious Orders from the Continent
- Need for bishops & dioceses

1850- Restoration of the Catholic Hierarchy

- 12 Bishops & Dioceses created
- Archdiocese of Westminster constituted as Primatial See under Cardinal Wiseman

1875-Mill Hill Missionaries founded by Cardinal Vaughan



1936-Red Box' launched in England and Wales as joint venture of Mill Hill Missionaries and Missio to raise funds for overseas mission

19th Century Europe

Pauline Jaricot
1822-Association for the Propagation of the Faith (APF)

Jeanne Bigard
1922-Society of St Peter the Apostle (SPA)



Bishop Forbin-Janson
1843-Holy Childhood

Fr Paolo Manna
1916-Pontifical Missionary Union (PMU)

Pontifical Mission Societies



Timeline of Catholic Mission in Britain

